

## STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS & TERMS

**beg:** beginning

**CC:** contrasting color

**CDD:** Centered Double Decrease—Slip 2 together (as if to k2tog), knit 1, pass the 2 slipped stitches over

**cn:** cable needle **cont:** continue **ch:** chain

**dec:** decrease **dc:** double crochet **dtr:** double treble crochet **dpn(s):** double pointed needle(s)

**end on WS:** end having just completed a Wrong Side row. **end on RS:** end having just completed a Right Side row **est:** established

**hdc:** half double crochet

**inc:** increase

**Garter St:** Knit EVERY row when working back and forth in rows. Knit 1 round, purl 1 round when working in the round.

**inc:** increase

**k:** knit

**k tbl:** knit through the back loop(s) **k2tog:** knit 2 stitches together **k3tog:** knit 3 stitches together

**kfb:** knit in the front and back of the next st

**LH:** left hand

**LLI:** Left Lifted Increase—Insert LH needle into the purl bump one row below the st just worked on the RH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd)

**M1:** Make 1—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased). **M1L:** Make 1 Left—Work as for M1.

**M1p:** Make 1 purl—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).

**M1pL:** Make 1 purl Left—Work as for M1p.

**M1pR:** Make 1 purl Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place

on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).

**M1R:** Make 1 Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).

**MC:** main color

**p:** purl

**p tbl:** purl through the back loop(s) **p2tog:** purl 2 stitches together **p3tog:** purl 3 stitches together **pat(s):** pattern(s)

**pm:** place marker

**pss0:** pass slipped stitch over knit stitch

**rep:** repeat

**Rev St st:** Reverse Stockinette Stitch—Purl 1 row, knit 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The purl side is the right side of the work. Purl EVERY round when working in the round.

**RH:** right hand

**RLI:** Right Lifted Increase—Insert RH needle into the purl bump of the next st on the LH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd) **rnd(s):** round(s)

**RS:** right side

**sc:** single crochet

**sl:** slip

**sliding loop:** Form a loop of yarn around your fingers, with the end attached to the ball on the right and the tail on the left.

Insert hook into the loop under both pieces of yarn and draw up a loop onto hook. (This does not count as your first stitch.) Work first row into the original loop. Pull up the yarn tail after your first row is complete to close the loop.

**sm:** slip marker

**sp:** space

**SSK:** Slip 2 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 2 stitches and knit 2 together.

**SSP:** Slip 2 stitches knitwise, transfer these 2 stitches back to left hand needle, purl 2 together through the back loops.

**SSSK:** Slip 3 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 3 stitches and knit 3 together.

**st(s):** stitch(es)

**St st:** Stockinette Stitch—Knit 1 row, purl 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The knit side is the right side of work. Knit EVERY round when working in the round.

**tbl:** through back loop(s)

**tog:** together

**tr:** treble

**w&t:** wrap and turn, a method of concealing a hole created in short row shaping. On RS rows: With yarn held in front, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the back. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. On WS Rows: With yarn held in back, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the front. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. Unless otherwise indicated, each time you come to a wrapped stitch when working subsequent rows, slip the wrap back over stitch and onto needle, then work the wrap together with its accompanying stitch.

**WS:** wrong side

**wyib:** with yarn in back

**wyif:** with yarn in front

**yo:** yarn over